

# Design of AAC floor slabs according to EN 12602

## Example 1: Floor slab with uniform load

### 1.1 Issue

Design of a floor slab under a living room

### Materials

Component with a compressive strength class AAC 4,5, density class 550, welded steel reinforcement with tensile yield strength 500 MPa and ultimate tensile strength 550 MPa.

EN 12602, table 1 and 2  
EN 10080

### 1.2 Material properties

#### Dry Density

Table 1: Density classes, dry densities in kg/m<sup>3</sup>

| Density class             | 400            | 450            | 500            | 550            | 600            | 650            | 700            |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Mean dry density $\rho_m$ | > 350<br>≤ 400 | > 400<br>≤ 450 | > 450<br>≤ 500 | > 500<br>≤ 550 | > 550<br>≤ 600 | > 600<br>≤ 650 | > 650<br>≤ 700 |

EN 12602, 4.2.2.3

#### Compressive strength

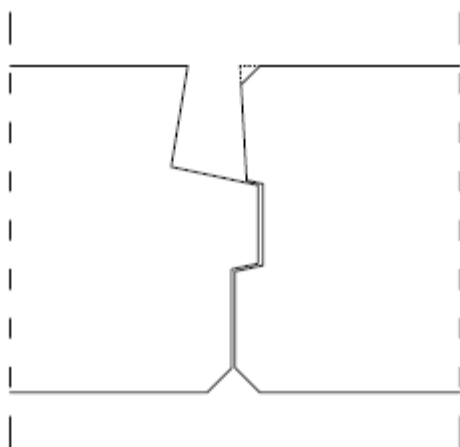
Table 2: Compressive strength classes for AAC in MPa

| Strength class | AAC 2 | AAC 2,5 | AAC 3 | AAC 3,5 | AAC 4 | AAC 4,5 | AAC 5 |
|----------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|
| $f_{ck}$       | 2,0   | 2,5     | 3,0   | 3,5     | 4,0   | 4,5     | 5,0   |

EN 12602, 4.2.4

### 1.3 Type of element

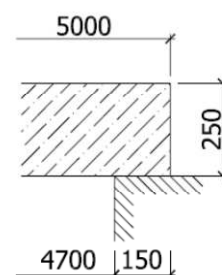
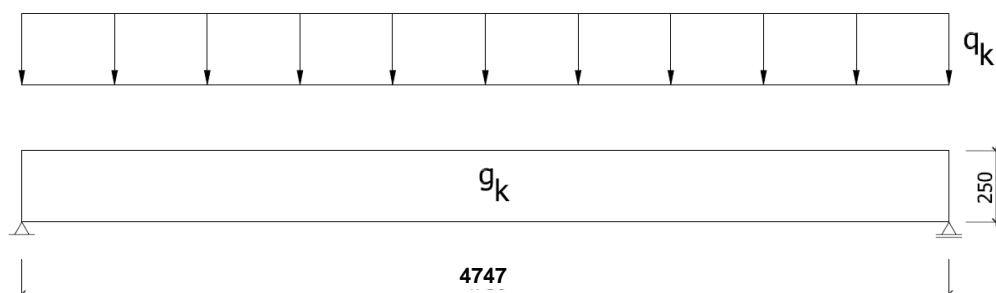
Profile



## 2 System and dimensions

### 2.1 System

Longitudinal section



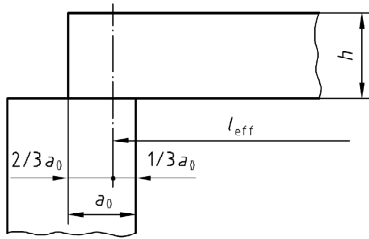
Minimum value for support length

| AAC component  | minimum requirement |
|----------------|---------------------|
| beams          | 60 mm               |
| floor elements | 40 mm               |
| roof elements  | 35 mm               |

Recommended values

| AAC component  | support material | minimum requirement |
|----------------|------------------|---------------------|
| beams          | masonry          | 100 mm              |
| floor elements | masonry          | 70 mm               |
|                | steel            | 50 mm               |
|                | concrete         | 50 mm               |
| roof elements  | masonry          | 70 mm               |
|                | steel            | 50 mm               |
|                | concrete         | 50 mm               |
|                | wood             | 50 mm               |
| wall elements  | steel            | 50 mm               |
|                | concrete         | 50 mm               |

EN 12602, A.11



$$L_{\text{eff}} = l_w + \frac{1}{3} a_{1,\text{min}} + \frac{1}{3} a_{2,\text{min}} = 4,70 + \frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,07 = 4,747 \text{ m}$$

The component has to be designed for all load cases also for impacts resulting from transport.

The relevant load case for that is the transport with a fork lifter and for the weak axis.

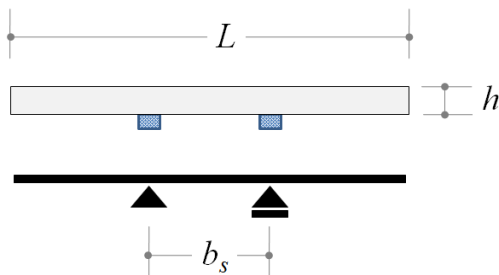


Figure 1: Transport situation fork lift truck

Assumption for distance forks:  $b_s = 1,00 \text{ m}$

$$L_{\text{cantilever}} = \frac{(L - b_s)}{2} = \frac{(5,00 - 1,00)}{2} = 2,0 \text{ m}$$

## 2.2 Cross section

$h = 250 \text{ mm}$

$b = 625 \text{ mm}$

## 2.3 Concrete cover and effective depth

$c_1 = 20 \text{ mm}$

$c_2 = 20 \text{ mm}$

Assumption for fire resistance class: REI 60

With a granted diameter of 8 mm the effective depth is:

$$d = 250 \text{ mm} - 20 - \frac{8}{2} = 226 \text{ mm}$$

### 3 Loads

Self-weight of AAC element:  
with 35 kg/m<sup>3</sup> steel and 6 M-% moisture content of AAC

| Load                                |                              |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Permanent loads                     |                              |
| • 2,5 cm ceramic tiles (incl. glue) | 0,55 kN/m <sup>2</sup>       |
| • 6 cm cement screed                | 1,32 kN/m <sup>2</sup>       |
| • AAC (g = 6,2 kN/m <sup>3</sup> )  | <u>1,55 kN/m<sup>2</sup></u> |
| permanent load, g <sub>k</sub> =    | 3,42 kN/m <sup>2</sup>       |
| Variable loads, q <sub>k</sub> =    | 2,00 kN/m <sup>2</sup>       |

Transport weight of AAC element:  
ρ<sub>trans</sub> = 7,75 kN/m<sup>3</sup>

EN 12602, 4.2.2.4  
(1)

Thickness of slab =  
0,25 m

EN 12602, 4.2.2.4  
(3)

### 4 Internal forces

Internal forces are determined for a single component with a width of 625 mm.

#### 4.1 Internal forces for characteristic combinations

$$G_{d1} = \gamma_G \cdot b \cdot g_k = 1,35 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 3,42 = 2,89 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{d1} = \gamma_Q \cdot b \cdot q_k = 1,50 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 2,00 = 1,88 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_{Sd1} = \frac{(G_{d1} + Q_{d1}) \cdot l_{eff}}{2} = \frac{2,89 + 1,88}{2} \cdot 4,747 = 11,32 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{Sd1} = \frac{(G_{d1} + Q_{d1}) \cdot l_{eff}^2}{8} = \frac{4,77 \cdot 4,747^2}{8} = 13,44 \text{ kNm}$$

#### 4.2 Internal forces for frequent combinations

$$G_{d2} = b \cdot g_k = 0,625 \cdot 3,42 = 2,14 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{d2} = \psi_1 \cdot b \cdot q_k = 0,5 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 2,00 = 0,63 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_{Sd2} = \frac{(G_{d2} + Q_{d2})}{2} \cdot l_{eff} = \frac{2,14 + 0,63}{2} \cdot 4,747 = 6,57 \text{ kN}$$

Load combinations  
acc. to EN 1990

Category A, ψ<sub>1</sub>=0,5

$$M_{Sd2} = \frac{(G_{d2} + Q_{d2}) \cdot l_{eff}^2}{8} = \frac{2,77 \cdot 4,747^2}{8} = 7,80 \text{ kNm}$$

### 4.3 Internal forces for quasi-permanent combinations

$$G_{d3} = b \cdot g_k = 0,625 \cdot 3,42 = 2,14 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{d3} = \psi_2 \cdot b \cdot q_k = 0,3 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 2,00 = 0,38 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_{Sd3} = \frac{(G_{d3} + Q_{d3})}{2} \cdot l_{eff} = \frac{2,14 + 0,38}{2} \cdot 4,747 = 5,98 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{Sd3} = \frac{(G_{d3} + Q_{d3}) \cdot l_{eff}^2}{8} = \frac{2,52 \cdot 4,747^2}{8} = 7,10 \text{ kNm}$$

Category A,  $\psi_2=0,3$

### 4.4 Internal forces for transport situations

$$G_T = \gamma_G \cdot \rho_{trans} \cdot b \cdot h = 1,35 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 7,75 \cdot 0,25 = 1,64 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_T = \gamma_T \cdot \frac{G_T}{2} \cdot L = 1,3 \cdot 1,64 \cdot 2,00 = 4,26 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_T = \frac{\gamma_T \cdot G_T \cdot L_{cantilever}^2}{2} = \frac{1,3 \cdot 1,64 \cdot 2,00^2}{2} = 4,26 \text{ kNm}$$

where  $\gamma_T = 1,3$  (assumption for dynamic coefficient due to manipulation of components, when indicated consideration of national regulations)

## 5 Design

### 5.1 Material properties

Characteristic compressive strength,  
 $f_{ck} = 4,5 \text{ MPa} = 4500 \text{ kN/m}^2$

EN 12602, 4.2.4

Basic Shear Strength,

$$\tau_{Rd} = \frac{0,063 \cdot f_{ck}^{0,5}}{\gamma_c} = 0,063 \cdot 4,5^{0,5} / 1,73 = 0,0773 \text{ MPa}$$

EN12602, A.4.1.2  
(A.6)

Mean modulus of elasticity of AAC slab,  
 $E_{cm} = 5 \cdot (\rho_m - 150) = 2000 \text{ N/mm}^2$

EN 12602, 4.2.7

Characteristic strength of steel,  
 $f_{yk} = 500 \text{ MPa} = 500 \text{ N/mm}^2$

EN 12602, 4.3.1

### 5.2 Design for bending

Finding equilibrium of stress / strain:

$$1000 \cdot m_d = \frac{1000 \cdot M_{Sd1} \cdot \gamma_c}{\alpha \cdot f_{ck} \cdot A_c \cdot d} = \frac{13,44 \cdot 1,44}{0,85 \cdot 4,5 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 0,226 \cdot 0,226} = 158,5$$

Reading from design table (see Annex A):

|                                  |                                  |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| $\varepsilon_c = 3,00 \text{ ‰}$ | $\varepsilon_s = 8,41 \text{ ‰}$ |
| $k_x = 0,263$                    | $1000 \cdot \varpi = 175,2$      |

$$A_s = A_c \cdot \varpi \cdot \frac{\alpha \cdot f_{ck} \cdot \gamma_s}{\gamma_c \cdot f_{yk}} = \frac{0,625 \cdot 0,226 \cdot 175,2}{1000} \cdot \frac{0,85 \cdot 4,5 \cdot 1,15}{1,44 \cdot 500} = 1,51 \text{ cm}^2$$

chosen: 7 Ø 8,0 mm ( $A_{s1} = 3,52 \text{ cm}^2$ )

Upper reinforcement:

$$1000 \cdot m_d = \frac{1000 \cdot M_T \cdot \gamma_c}{\alpha \cdot f_{ck} \cdot A_c \cdot d} = \frac{4,26 \cdot 1,44}{0,85 \cdot 4,5 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 0,227 \cdot 0,227} = 49,80$$

Reading from design table (see Annex A):

|                                  |                                   |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| $\varepsilon_c = 1,55 \text{ ‰}$ | $\varepsilon_s = 10,00 \text{ ‰}$ |
| $k_x = 0,134$                    | $1000 \cdot \varpi = 52,14$       |

$$A_s = A_c \cdot \varpi \cdot \frac{\alpha \cdot f_{ck} \cdot \gamma_s}{\gamma_c \cdot f_{yk}} = \frac{0,625 \cdot 0,227 \cdot 52,14}{1000} \cdot \frac{0,85 \cdot 4,5 \cdot 1,15}{1,44 \cdot 500} = 0,452 \text{ cm}^2$$

chosen: 3 Ø 6,0 mm ( $A_{s2} = 0,85 \text{ cm}^2$ )

### 5.3 Minimum reinforcement

$$f_{cflm} = 0,27 \cdot 4,5 = 1,215 \text{ MPa}$$

$$A_{ct} = b \cdot \frac{h}{2} = 62,5 \cdot 12,5 = 781 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = k \cdot A_{ct} \cdot f_{cflm} / f_{yk} = 0,4 \cdot 781 \cdot 1,215 / 500 = 0,76 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s,min} = 0,76 \text{ cm}^2 < 3,52 \text{ cm}^2$$

EN 12602, A.3.4  
(A.3)

### 5.4 Design for shear force

Determination of reinforcement ratio:

$$\rho_l = \frac{A_{s,exis}}{b \cdot d} = \frac{3,52}{62,5 \cdot 22,6} = 0,002492 < 0,005$$

Minimum design value of shear force:

$$V_{Rd1} \geq 0,5 \cdot \frac{f_{ctk;0,05}}{\gamma_c} \cdot b_w \cdot d = 0,5 \cdot 0,10 \cdot 4500 / 1,73 \cdot 0,625 \cdot 0,226 = 18,37 \text{ kN}$$

EN 12602, (A.6)

Design value of shear force:

$$\begin{aligned} V_{Rd1} &= \tau_{Rd} \cdot (1 - 0,83 \cdot d) \cdot (1 + 240 \cdot \rho_l) \cdot b_w \cdot d \\ &= 77,3 \cdot (1 - 0,83 \cdot 0,226) \cdot (1 + 240 \cdot 0,00249) \cdot 0,625 \cdot 0,226 \\ &= 14,17 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

Higher value is determinant (critical) :  $V_{Rd1} = 22,04 \text{ kN}$

$$V_{Rd1} = 18,37 \text{ kN} > 11,32 \text{ kN} = V_{Sd1}$$

Therefore, no shear reinforcement is required.

### **5.5 Spacing of Longitudinal Bars**

EN 12602, 5.2.7.2.2

Centre distance between bars :  $50 \text{ mm} \leq s_{l1} \leq 2 d$

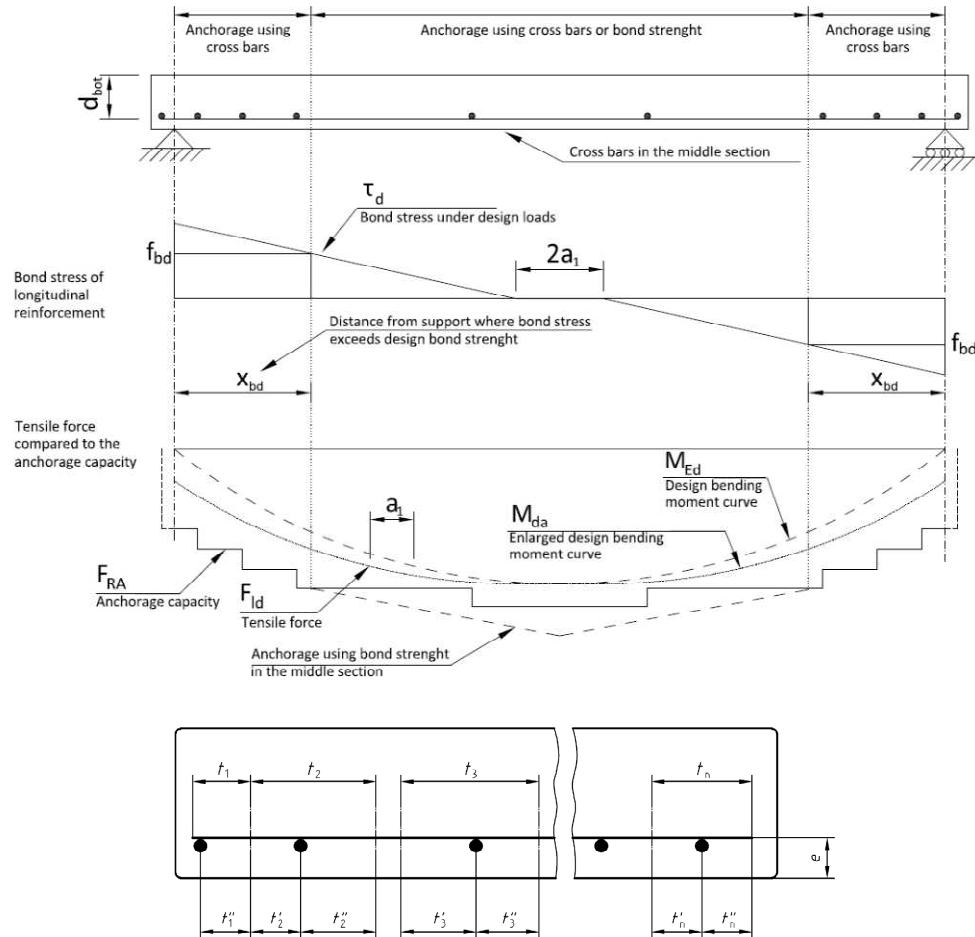
Therefore, we consider the longitudinal bars at a distance of 70 mm centre to centre as per the limits.

And the distance of longitudinal bars from the panel surface is supposed to be 20 mm.



## 6 Anchoring of longitudinal reinforcement

EN 12602,  
A.10.3



Cross-Sectional  
View

Description reinforcement layout:

diameter cross bars:  $\varnothing_t = 5,5 \text{ mm}$

distance between longitudinal bars:  $s_t = 70 \text{ mm}$

distance to bottom side of panel:

$$e = c + \varnothing_{sl} + \varnothing_t / 2 = 20 + 8,0 + 5,5 / 2 = 30,75 \text{ mm}$$

Effective length of transverse bars:

$$t_2 = t_3 = t_4 = t_5 = t_6 = 2 \cdot s_t / 2 = 70 \text{ mm} < 14 \cdot \varnothing_t = 77 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_2 = t_3 = t_4 = t_5 = t_6 = 70 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_1 = t_7 = t'_1 + t''_1 = t'_7 + t''_7 = 35 + 15 \text{ mm} = 50 \text{ mm} < 14 \cdot \varnothing_t = 77 \text{ mm}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_1 = t_7 = 50 \text{ mm}$$

$$t'_1 < 8 \cdot \varnothing_t = 44 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_t = t_1 + t_2 + t_3 + t_4 + t_5 + t_6 + t_7 = 450 \text{ mm}$$

Maximum tensile force :

$$F_{ld,max} = M_{d1,max} / z = 13,44 / (0,9 \cdot 0,226) = 66,08 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{ld,support} = M_{d1,support} / z = 2,442 / (0,9 \cdot 0,226) = 12,01 \text{ kN}$$

Assume 9 transverse cross bars with diameter 5,5 mm for half of the panel and the arrangement is shown below:

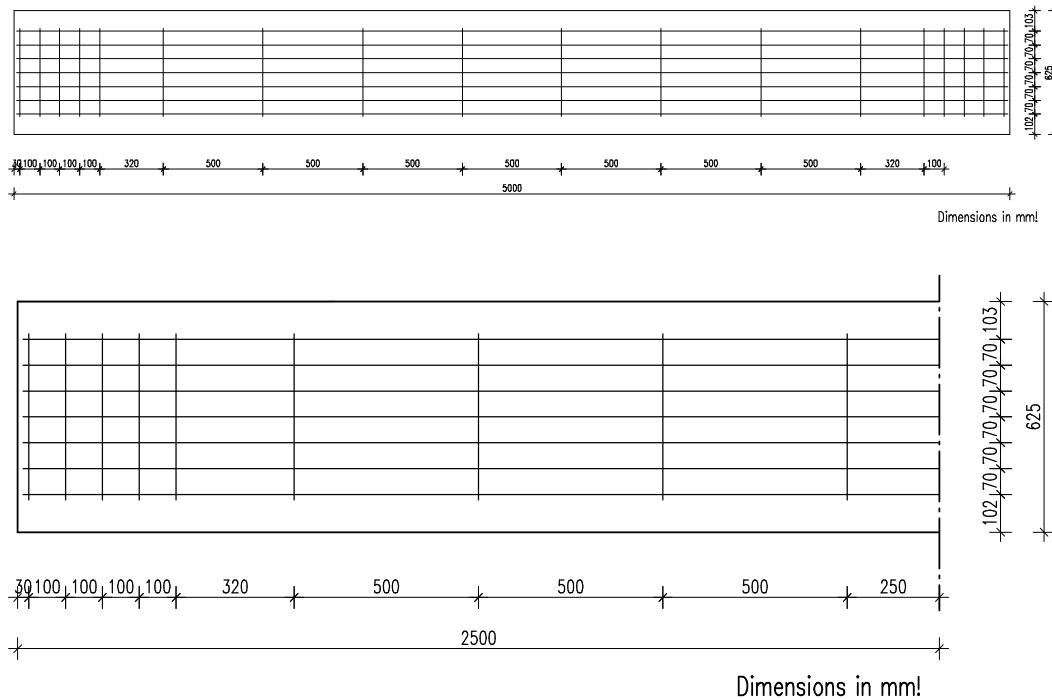


Figure 1: Reinforcement layout

Design value for bearing strength at support ( $m = 1,3$ ;  $n_p = 2$ , transverse compression at support):

$$\begin{aligned}
 f_{ld, \text{support}} &= \frac{1,35 \cdot m \cdot (e / \varnothing t)^{1/3} \cdot \alpha \cdot f_{ck}}{\gamma_c} \leq 2,2 \cdot \frac{f_{ck}}{\gamma_c} \\
 &= \frac{1,35 \cdot 1,3 \cdot (30,75 / 5,5)^{1/3} \cdot 0,85 \cdot 4,5}{1,44} \leq 2,2 \cdot \frac{4,5}{1,44} \\
 &= 8,27 \text{ MPa} \leq 6,88 \text{ MPa}
 \end{aligned}$$

therefore,  $f_{ld, \text{support}} = 6,88 \text{ MPa}$

Design value for bearing strength at middle of span ( $m = 1,067$ ;  $n_p = 2$ , transverse compression at support):

$$f_{ld, \text{field}} = \frac{1,35 \cdot m \cdot (e / \varnothing t)^{1/3} \cdot \alpha \cdot f_{ck}}{\gamma_c} \leq 2,2 \cdot \frac{f_{ck}}{\gamma_c}$$

Bond Class B1

$$= \frac{1,35 \cdot 1,067 \cdot (30,75 / 5,5)^{1/3} \cdot 0,85 \cdot 4,5}{1,73} \leq 2,2 \cdot \frac{4,5}{1,73}$$

$$= 5,65 \text{ MPa} < 5,82 \text{ MPa}$$

therefore,  $f_{ld,field} = 5,65 \text{ MPa}$

where,  $\alpha$  is a reduction coefficient for long term effect on compressive strength of AAC ( $\alpha = 0,85$ )

Anchorage force capacity ( $F_{RA}$ ):

$$\begin{aligned} F_{RA,support} &= 0,83 \cdot n_t \cdot \emptyset_t \cdot t_t \cdot f_{ld,support} \leq 0,6 \cdot n_l \cdot n_t \cdot F_{wg} / \gamma_s \\ &= 0,83 \cdot 2 \cdot 5,5 \cdot 450 \cdot 6,88 \leq 0,6 \cdot 7 \cdot 2 \cdot 0,25 \cdot A_{sl} \cdot f_{yk} / \gamma_s \\ &= 28,27 \text{ kN} < 45,89 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{RA,max} &= \sum \min \left[ 0,83 \cdot \phi_{tot} \cdot t_t \cdot f_{ld}(n_t); \frac{0,60 \cdot n_l \cdot n_t \cdot F_{wg}}{\gamma_s} \right] \\ &= 110,33 \text{ kN} < 206,53 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

As,  $F_{RA,support} \geq F_{ld,support}$  and  $F_{RA,max} \geq F_{ld,max}$

EN 12602, A.3.2

Welding Strength  
Class S1

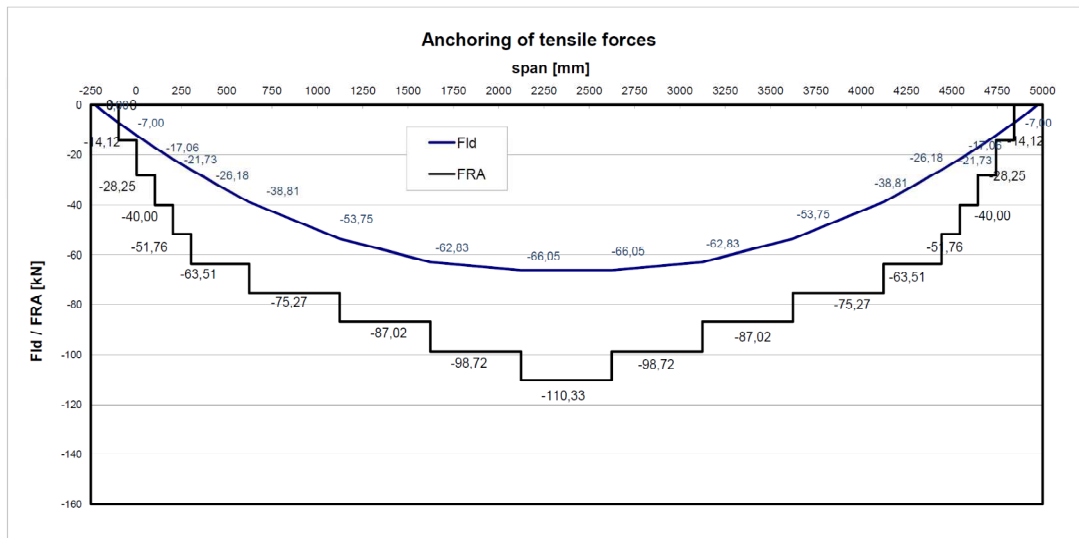


Figure 2: Anchoring of tensile forces

As we can see from fig. 2 that the anchorage capacity force does exceed the design tensile force at each section of the panel.

Therefore, the assumption is satisfied for the required conditions. So, we can use 18 cross bars with  $\emptyset 5,5 \text{ mm}$  (for whole panel).

The sufficient anchorage has to be proven also for the upper reinforcement (according to the method above) which is not shown here.

## 7 Serviceability Limit States

EN 12602, A.9.4

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Cracking moment, } M_{cr} &= (b \cdot h^2 / 6) \cdot f_{cflm} \\ &= (0,625 \cdot 0,25^2 / 6) \cdot (0,27 \cdot 0,8 \cdot 4,5) \\ &= 6,33 \text{ kNm} \end{aligned}$$

EN 12602,  
A.9.4.3 and 4.2.5

where,  $f_{cflm}$  is the flexural strength of AAC ( $= 0,27 \cdot 0,8 \cdot f_{ck}$ )

As,  $M_f > M_{cr}$ , therefore, the slab is considered to behave in a manner intermediate between uncracked and cracked condition.

### 7.1 Deflection under uncracked condition

#### 7.1.1 Short-term deflection

Ratio of the modulus of elasticity of reinforcing steel and AAC:

$$n = \frac{E_s}{E_{cm}} \approx \frac{200000 \text{ N/mm}^2}{2000 \text{ N/mm}^2} = 100$$

EN 12602,  
(A.42)

Moment of area of AAC and reinforcement:

$$I_{c,brutto} = \frac{b \cdot h^3}{12} + n (7 \cdot \pi \cdot (\varnothing_1/2)^4 / 4 + 3 \cdot \pi \cdot (\varnothing_2/2)^4 / 4) = 81396,19 \text{ cm}^4$$

The upper longitudinal reinforcement can be fully taken into account to determine the moment of inertia. The position of the centre of gravity of the reinforcement layer is supposed to be 2,4 cm from the panel surface.

Parts of moment of inertia from consideration of the reinforcement:

$$\begin{aligned} A_{s1} &= 3,52 \text{ cm}^2 \\ A_{s2} &= 0,85 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Centre of gravity,

$$y_s = \frac{b \cdot h \cdot h/2 + n \cdot (A_{s1} \cdot y_{s1} + A_{s2} \cdot y_{s2})}{b \cdot h + n \cdot (A_{s1} + A_{s2})} = \frac{22297,05}{1999,5} = 11,15 \text{ cm}$$

where,  $y_{s1}$  and  $y_{s2}$  are the distances from the centre of the reinforcement steel to the bottom surface of the slab.

$$\begin{aligned} I_{ST} &= b \cdot h \cdot \left(\frac{h}{2} - y_s\right)^2 + n \cdot (A_{s1} \cdot (y_{s1} - y_s)^2 + A_{s2} \cdot (y_{s2} - y_s)^2) \\ &= 1563 \cdot (12,5 - 11,15)^2 + 100 \cdot (3,52 \cdot (2,4 - 11,15)^2 + 0,85 \cdot (22,7 - 11,15)^2) \\ &= 40942,28 \text{ cm}^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{cm} \cdot I_{ci} &= E_{cm} \cdot (I_{C;BRUTTO} + I_{st}) = 2000 \cdot (81396,19 + 40942,28) \cdot 10^{-8} \\ &= 2,447 \text{ MNm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Deflection due to load combination 2 (frequent action combinations):

$$y_{el} = \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{M_{Sd2} \cdot L_{eff}^2}{E_{cm} \cdot I_{ci}} = \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{0,00780 \cdot 4,747^2}{2,447} = 0,00748m$$

$$y_{el} = 0,00748m = 0,75cm < 1,90cm = \frac{L_{eff}}{250}$$

General note:

The limit value for the maximum deflection may be found in a national application document. The recommended value for the calculated deflection of roof and floor components subjected to quasi-permanent loads is (according to EN 12602) span/250.

EN 12602, 9.4.1,  
Note 1

### 7.1.2 Long-term deflection

For long term deflection an effective modulus of elasticity,

$$E_{c,eff} = E_{cm} / (1 + \varphi)$$

is used.

Therefore,  $E_{c,eff} = 1000 \text{ N/mm}^2$

and

$$n = \frac{E_s}{E_{c,eff}} \approx \frac{200000 \text{ N/mm}^2}{1000 \text{ N/mm}^2} = 200$$

Moment of area of AAC and reinforcement,

$$I_{c,brutto} = \frac{b \cdot h^3}{12} + n (7 \cdot \pi \cdot (\varnothing_1/2)^4 / 4 + 3 \cdot \pi \cdot (\varnothing_2/2)^4 / 4) = 81412,17 \text{ cm}^4$$

Centre of gravity,

$$y_s = \frac{b \cdot h \cdot h/2 + n \cdot (A_{s1} \cdot y_{s1} + A_{s2} \cdot y_{s2})}{b \cdot h + n \cdot (A_{s1} + A_{s2})} = \frac{25079,85}{2436,5} = 10,29 \text{ cm}$$

Moment of inertia for reinforcement,

$$\begin{aligned} I_{ST} &= b \cdot h \cdot \left(\frac{h}{2} - y_s\right)^2 + n \cdot (A_{s1} \cdot (y_{s1} - y_s)^2 + A_{s2} \cdot (y_{s2} - y_s)^2) \\ &= 1563 \cdot (12,5 - 10,29)^2 + 200 \cdot (3,52 \cdot (2,4 - 10,29)^2 + 0,85 \cdot (22,7 - 10,29)^2) \\ &= 77640,70 \text{ cm}^4 \\ E_{c,eff} \cdot I_{ci} &= E_{c,eff} \cdot (I_{c,BRUTTO} + I_{st}) = 1000 \cdot (81412,17 + 77640,70) \cdot 10^{-8} \\ &= 1,591 \text{ MNm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

EN 12602,  
(A.43)

Deflection due to load combination 3 (quasi-permanent combinations):

$$y_{\infty} = \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{M_{Sd3} \cdot L_{eff}^2}{E_{c,eff} \cdot I_{ci}} = \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{0,00710 \cdot 4,747^2}{1,591} = 0,01048m$$

$$y_{\infty} = 0,01048m = 1,05cm < 1,90cm = \frac{L_{eff}}{250}$$

## 7.2 Deflection under cracked condition

### 7.2.1 Short-term deflection

The ratio of the modulus of elasticity of reinforcing steel and AAC:

$$n = \frac{E_s}{E_{cm}} \approx \frac{200000 \text{ N/mm}^2}{2000 \text{ N/mm}^2} = 100$$

EN 12602,  
(A.43)

In this case, we consider only compression zone of AAC and reinforcement for the calculation of moment of inertia. Therefore, first we will find the x-equilibrium

$$x = \frac{\sqrt{1 + 4 \cdot d \cdot A} - 1}{2 \cdot A} = 11,29 \text{ cm}$$

where, x is height of compression zone from top surface of panel

d is effective height,

$$A = b \cdot E_{cm} / (2 \cdot A_{s1} \cdot E_s)$$

The upper longitudinal reinforcement can be fully taken into account to determine the moment of inertia.

Moment of area of compression zone AAC and reinforcements,

$$I_{c,brutto} = \frac{b \cdot x^3}{12} + n \cdot (7 \cdot \pi \cdot (\phi_1/2)^4 / 4 + 3 \cdot \pi \cdot (\phi_2/2)^4 / 4) = 7511,14 \text{ cm}^4$$

The position of the centre of gravity of the reinforcement layer is supposed to be 2,4 cm from the panel surface.

Parts of moment of inertia from consideration of the reinforcement:

$$A_{s1} = 3,52 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_{s2} = 0,85 \text{ cm}^2$$

Centre of gravity is:

$$y_s = \frac{b \cdot x \cdot (h - x/2) + n \cdot (A_{s1} \cdot y_{s1} + A_{s2} \cdot y_{s2})}{b \cdot x + n \cdot (A_{s1} + A_{s2})} = \frac{16431,7}{1142,6} = 14,38 \text{ cm}$$

where,  $y_{s1}$  and  $y_{s2}$  are the distances from the centre of the reinforcement steel to the bottom surface of the slab

$$I_{ST} = b \cdot x \cdot (h - x/2 - y_s)^2 + n \cdot (A_{s1} \cdot (y_{s1} - y_s)^2 + A_{s2} \cdot (y_{s2} - y_s)^2) \\ = 73867,74 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$E_{cm} \cdot I_{ci} = E_{cm} \cdot (I_{C;BRUTTO} + I_{st}) = 2000 \cdot (7511,14 + 73867,74) \cdot 10^{-8}$$

$$E_{cm} \cdot I_{ci} = 1,63 \text{ MNm}^2$$

Deflection due to load combination 2 (frequent action combinations):

$$y_{el} = \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{M_{sd2} \cdot L_{eff}^2}{E_{cm} \cdot I_{ci}} = \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{0,00780 \cdot 4,747^2}{1,63} = 0,01123 \text{ m}$$

$$y_{el} = 0,01123 \text{ m} = 1,12 \text{ cm} < 1,90 \text{ cm} = \frac{L_{eff}}{250}$$

### 7.2.2 Long term deflection

For long term deflection an effective modulus of elasticity is used,

$$E_{c,eff} = E_{cm} / (1 + \varphi)$$

therefore,  $E_{c,eff} = 1000 \text{ N / mm}^2$

and

$$n = \frac{E_s}{E_{c,eff}} \approx \frac{200000 \text{ N / mm}^2}{1000 \text{ N / mm}^2} = 200$$

Moment of area of AAC and reinforcement,

$$I_{c,brutto} = \frac{b \cdot x^3}{12} + n \cdot (7 \cdot \pi \cdot (\varnothing_1/2)^4 / 4 + 3 \cdot \pi \cdot (\varnothing_2/2)^4 / 4) = 7527,12 \text{ cm}^4$$

Centre of gravity,

$$y_s = \frac{b \cdot x \cdot (h - x/2) + n \cdot (A_{s1} \cdot y_{s1} + A_{s2} \cdot y_{s2})}{b \cdot x + n \cdot (A_{s1} + A_{s2})} = \frac{19206,0}{1579,6} = 12,16 \text{ cm}$$

Moment of inertia for reinforcement,

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_{ST} &= b \cdot x \cdot \left(h - \frac{x}{2} - y_s\right)^2 + n \cdot A_{s1} \cdot (y_{s1} - y_s)^2 + A_{s2} \cdot (y_{s2} - y_s)^2 \\
 &= 122475,74 \text{ cm}^4 \\
 E_{c,eff} \cdot I_{ci} &= E_{c,eff} \cdot (I_{C,BRUTTO} + I_{st}) = 1000 \cdot (7527,1 + 122475,7) \cdot 10^{-8} \\
 &= 1,300 \text{ MNm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

Deflection due to load combination 3 (quasi-permanent combinations):

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_{\infty} &= \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{M_{Sd3} \cdot L_{eff}^2}{E_{c,eff} \cdot I_{ci}} = \frac{5}{48} \cdot \frac{0,00710 \cdot 4,747^2}{1,300} = 0,0128 \text{ m} \\
 y_{\infty} &= 0,0128 \text{ m} = 1,28 \text{ cm} < 1,90 \text{ cm} = \frac{L_{eff}}{250}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 7.3 Combination of deflection uncracked / cracked

#### 7.3.1 Short-term deflection

The short term deflection for the intermediate situation (cracked/uncracked) due to frequent loads is:

$$k \cdot p_{II} + (1 - k) \cdot p_I = 0,473 \cdot 1,12 + (1 - 0,473) \cdot 0,75 = 0,93 \text{ cm}$$

EN 12602 (A.44)

$$\text{where } k = 1 - 0,8 \cdot (M_{cr} / M_{sd2})^2 = 1 - 0,8 \cdot (6,33 / 7,80)^2 = 0,473$$

$M_{cr}$ : cracking moment

$M_{sd2}$ : bending moment for frequent combination of loading

$p_{II}$ : short-term deflection for cracked condition

$p_I$ : short-term deflection for uncracked condition

$$y_{el} = 0,93 \text{ cm} < 1,90 \text{ cm} = \frac{L_{eff}}{250}$$



### 7.3.2 Long-term deflection

By considering an effective modulus of elasticity ( $E_{c,eff}$ ) and quasi-permanent combination of loading is:

$$k \cdot p_{II} + (1 - k) \cdot p_I = 0,473 \cdot 1,28 + (1 - 0,473) \cdot 1,05 = 1,16 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{where } k = 1 - 0,8 \cdot (M_{cr} / M_{sd2})^2 = 1 - 0,8 \cdot (6,33 / 7,80)^2 = 0,473$$

$M_{cr}$ : cracking moment

$M_{sd2}$ : bending moment for frequent combination of loading

$p_{II}$ : short-term deflection for cracked condition

$p_I$ : short-term deflection for uncracked condition

$$y_{\infty} = 1,16 \text{ cm} < 1,90 \text{ cm} = \frac{L_{eff}}{250}$$

## Annex A

$$1000 \cdot m_d = \frac{1000 \cdot M_{sd1} \cdot \gamma_c}{\alpha \cdot f_{ck} \cdot A_c \cdot d}$$

$$A_s = A_c \cdot \varpi \cdot \frac{\alpha \cdot f_{ck} \cdot \gamma_s}{\gamma_c \cdot f_{yk}}$$

$M_{sd1}$  bending moment under characteristic combination of loading (respecting transport load situations)  
 $d$  effective depth of component  
 $A_c$  cross section of AAC,  $A_c = b \cdot d$   
 $A_s$  cross sectional area of reinforcement  
 $f_{ck}$  characteristic compressive strength of AAC  
 $f_{yk}$  characteristic yield strength of reinforcing steel  
 $\gamma_{c,ductile}$  partial safety factor of AAC for ductile failure  
 $\gamma_s$  partial safety factor for reinforcing steel

| $\epsilon_c$<br>[‰] | $\epsilon_s$<br>[‰] | $k_x$ | $k_z$ | $1000 \cdot m_d$ | 1000 · $\varpi$<br>stainless steel,<br>$f_{yk} = 235 \text{ MPa}$ | steel,<br>$f_{yk} = 500 \text{ MPa}$ |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| 0,25                | 10,00               | 0,024 | 0,992 | 1,512            | 1,524   |                                      |
| 0,50                | 10,00               | 0,048 | 0,984 | 5,858            | 5,952   |                                      |
| 0,75                | 10,00               | 0,070 | 0,977 | 12,78            | 13,08   |                                      |
| 1,00                | 10,00               | 0,091 | 0,970 | 22,04            | 22,73   |                                      |
| 1,25                | 10,00               | 0,111 | 0,963 | 33,44            | 34,72   |                                      |
| 1,50                | 10,00               | 0,130 | 0,957 | 46,79            | 48,91   |                                      |
| 1,75                | 10,00               | 0,149 | 0,950 | 61,92            | 65,16   |                                      |
| 2,00                | 10,00               | 0,167 | 0,944 | 78,70            | 83,33   |                                      |
| 2,25                | 10,00               | 0,184 | 0,938 | 95,72            | 102,0   |                                      |
| 2,50                | 10,00               | 0,200 | 0,931 | 111,7            | 120,0   |                                      |
| 2,75                | 10,00               | 0,216 | 0,924 | 126,8            | 137,3   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 10,00               | 0,231 | 0,917 | 141,0            | 153,8   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 9,75                | 0,235 | 0,915 | 143,5            | 156,9   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 9,50                | 0,240 | 0,913 | 146,1            | 160,0   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 9,25                | 0,245 | 0,912 | 148,8            | 163,3   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 9,00                | 0,250 | 0,910 | 151,6            | 166,7   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 8,75                | 0,255 | 0,908 | 154,5            | 170,2   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 8,50                | 0,261 | 0,906 | 157,5            | 173,9   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 8,25                | 0,267 | 0,904 | 160,7            | 177,8   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 8,00                | 0,273 | 0,902 | 163,9            | 181,8   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 7,75                | 0,279 | 0,899 | 167,3            | 186,0   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 7,50                | 0,286 | 0,897 | 170,8            | 190,5   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 7,25                | 0,293 | 0,894 | 174,5            | 195,1   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 7,00                | 0,300 | 0,892 | 178,3            | 200,0   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 6,75                | 0,308 | 0,889 | 182,3            | 205,1   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 6,50                | 0,316 | 0,886 | 186,5            | 210,5   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 6,25                | 0,324 | 0,883 | 190,9            | 216,2   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 6,00                | 0,333 | 0,880 | 195,5            | 222,2   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 5,75                | 0,343 | 0,876 | 200,3            | 228,6   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 5,50                | 0,353 | 0,873 | 205,3            | 235,3   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 5,25                | 0,364 | 0,869 | 210,6            | 242,4   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 5,00                | 0,375 | 0,865 | 216,1            | 250,0   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 4,75                | 0,387 | 0,860 | 222,0            | 258,1   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 4,50                | 0,400 | 0,856 | 228,1            | 266,7   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 4,25                | 0,414 | 0,851 | 234,6            | 275,9   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 4,00                | 0,429 | 0,845 | 241,5            | 285,7   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 3,75                | 0,444 | 0,840 | 248,7            | 296,3   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 3,50                | 0,462 | 0,833 | 256,4            | 307,7   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 3,25                | 0,480 | 0,827 | 264,5            | 320,0   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 3,00                | 0,500 | 0,819 | 273,1            | 333,3   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 2,75                | 0,522 | 0,812 | 282,3            | 347,8   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 2,50                | 0,545 | 0,803 | 292,0            | 363,6   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 2,25                | 0,571 | 0,794 | 302,3            | 381,0   |                                      |
| 3,00                | 2,00                | 0,600 | 0,783 | 313,3            | 400,0   | 434,8                                |
| 3,00                | 1,75                | 0,632 | 0,772 | 325,0            | 421,1   | 523,0                                |
| 3,00                | 1,50                | 0,667 | 0,759 | 337,4            | 444,4   | 644,1                                |
| 3,00                | 1,25                | 0,706 | 0,745 | 350,6            | 470,6   | 818,4                                |
| 3,00                | 1,00                | 0,750 | 0,729 | 364,6            | 510,9   | 1.087,0                              |